IN THE CLAIMS

- 1-17. (Cancelled)
- 18. (Currently amended) A method of measuring activity of an NAD+ utilizing enzyme, comprising:

incubating the enzyme with NAD+ and a substrate for the enzyme; converting any remaining NAD+ to a fluorescent compound; and measuring an amount of fluorescence of the fluorescent compound, wherein the fluorescent compound is compound 1;

- 19. (Canceled).
- (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the converting comprises: mixing NAD+ with acetophenone and base, to form a mixture; and reacting the mixture with acid.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the base is a solution of KOH.

- 22. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the acid comprises formic acid.
- 23. (Cancelled).
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 18, wherein the enzyme is PARP.
- 25. (Previously presented) A method of determining whether a compound is an inhibitor of an NAD+ utilizing enzyme, comprising:
- measuring activity of the enzyme by the method of claim 18, with and without the compound; and
- comparing the measured activity of the enzyme with the compound and the measured activity of the enzyme without the compound.
 - 26. (Cancelled).
 - (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the converting comprises: mixing NAD+ with acetophenone and base, to form a mixture; and reacting the mixture with acid.
 - 28. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the base is a solution of KOH.
 - 29. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the acid comprises formic acid.
 - 30. (Cancelled).
 - 31. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the enzyme is PARP.
 - 32. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the enzyme is PARP.
- 33. (Previously presented) A method of detecting a genetic deficiency in an NAD+ utilizing enzyme in a patient, comprising:
- measuring activity of the enzyme from the patient and a control enzyme, by the method of claim 18; and
- comparing the measured activity of the enzyme from the patient and the measured activity of the control enzyme.

- 34. (Cancelled).
- (Original) The method of claim 33, wherein the converting comprises: mixing NAD+ with acetophenone and base, to form a mixture; and reacting the mixture with acid.
- 36. (Original) The method of claim 35, wherein the base is a solution of KOH.
- 37. (Original) The method of claim 35, wherein the acid comprises formic acid.
- 38. (Cancelled)
- 39. (Original) The method of claim 33, wherein the NAD+ utilizing enzyme is long-chain 3-hydroxyacyl-CoA dehydrogenase.
 - 40-53. (Cancelled)
- 40. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein the NAD+ utilizing enzyme is aldehyde dehydrogenase.
- 41. (New) The method of claim 18, wherein the converting does not cause the reaction of nicotinamide.